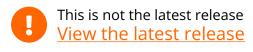


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Weekly Payroll Jobs and Wages in Australia

Payroll jobs and wages estimates, sourced from Single Touch Payroll (STP) data

Reference period Week ending 12 March 2022

Released 7/04/2022

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Key statistics

Between the weeks ending 26 February 2022 and 12 March 2022:

- Payroll jobs, up 0.2%
- Total wages, down 0.7%

This release includes an article presenting <u>maps (/articles/regional-spotlight-new-south-wales-and-queensland)</u> of regional payroll job changes in the month to mid-March, in New South Wales and Queensland.

Revisions

This release sees higher than usual revisions in December 2021, as the 16 week imputation retention threshold passes through this period. These revisions mostly reflect the removal of previously imputed records, with the receipt of more complete data. Users should exercise caution when referring to estimates around this period.

National

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022:

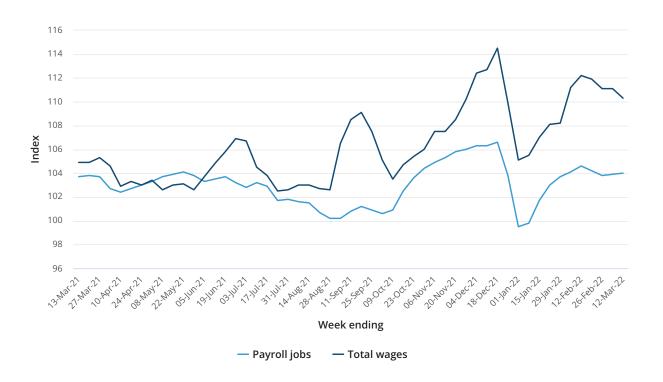
- Payroll jobs increased by 0.2%, compared to a decrease of 0.8% in the previous fortnight
- Total wages paid decreased by 0.7%, compared to a decrease of 1.0% in the previous fortnight

Percentage change in payroll jobs and total wages

	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Payroll jobs	0.2%	-0.6%	0.3%
Total wages	-0.7%	-1.7%	5.2%

Estimates of changes throughout this release are calculated using un-rounded index values. They may be different from, but are more accurate than, movements obtained from the rounded index values.

Payroll jobs and total wages index (a)(b)



- a. Indexed to the week ending 14 March 2020.
- b. Payroll jobs and wages data during June and July see a greater variation in business payroll reporting around the end of financial year. For more information, see Variation in revisions in Data variability and revisions (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#data-variability-and-revisions).

State and territory

Payroll jobs

All geographical areas in this release represent the residential address of the jobholder.

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in payroll jobs were:

- Victoria and South Australia, both up 0.5%
- Australian Capital Territory, up 0.4%

State and territory percentage change in payroll jobs, in the fortnight to 12 March 2022

Loading map...

Percentage change in payroll jobs, by state and territory

	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
New South Wales	0.0%	-1.0%	-1.5%
Victoria	0.5%	-0.3%	0.6%
Queensland	0.3%	-0.7%	1.2%
South Australia	0.5%	0.3%	1.1%
Western Australia	0.2%	-0.4%	2.1%
Tasmania	-0.3%	-0.9%	1.8%
Northern Territory	0.3%	0.6%	2.0%
Australian Capital Territory	0.4%	0.3%	2.3%
Australia	0.2%	-0.6%	0.3%

Total wages

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in total wages paid were:

• New South Wales, down 2.2%

Percentage change in total wages, by state and territory (a)

	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
New South Wales	-2.2%	-3.4%	3.0%
Victoria	-1.0%	-1.9%	5.9%
Queensland	0.5%	-1.2%	6.2%
South Australia	0.1%	-0.2%	5.7%
Western Australia	1.7%	1.2%	6.9%
Tasmania	0.0%	-0.6%	5.7%
Northern Territory	0.4%	1.4%	5.4%
Australian Capital Territory	-1.2%	-0.8%	7.8%
Australia	-0.7%	-1.7%	5.2%

Sub-state - payroll jobs

Time series estimates of payroll jobs by sub-state regions (Statistical Area 4 (SA4), Statistical Area 3 (SA3) and Greater Capital City Area (GCCSA) regions) are presented as index values in Table 5 of the Data downloads.

For more information on the geography used in this release, see the <u>Glossary</u> (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#glossary).

GCCSA regions percentage change in payroll jobs, in the fortnight to 12 March 2022
Loading map
The ACT only has one GCCSA region for the entire Territory.
Sex and age group

Persons aged 15-19 years old by sex indexes can be affected by a higher proportion of records with unknown sex than other age group indexes. For more information, see the Update of jobholder characteristics in the historical Methods review (/methodologies /weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-february-2022#methods-review).

Payroll jobs

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in payroll jobs were:

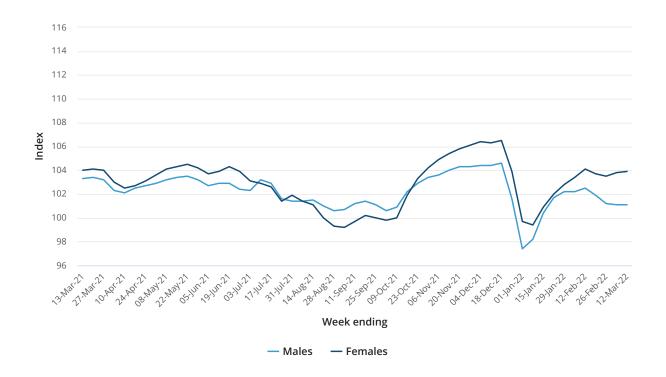
- worked by females, up 0.4%
- worked by persons aged 15-19, down 1.8%

Percentage change in payroll jobs, by sex and age group (a)

		In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Sex	Males	-0.1%	-1.4%	-2.1%
SEX	Females	0.4%	-0.1%	0.0%
	15-19	-1.8%	-2.5%	4.8%
	20-29	0.3%	-0.6%	-0.1%
	30-39	0.2%	-0.6%	-0.6%
Age group	40-49	0.2%	-0.5%	-0.5%
(years)	50-59	0.4%	-0.3%	0.2%
()	60-69	1.1%	0.4%	2.7%
	70 and	1.4%	1.3%	4.4%
	over			
All persons		0.2%	-0.6%	0.3%

a. Persons with 'unknown' sex and age are only included in the calculation of All persons indexes. For more information, see Inclusion of unknown characteristics in How data are processed (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#how-data-are-processed).

Payroll jobs by sex (a)



a. Indexed to the week ending 14 March 2020.

Total wages

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in total wages paid were:

- worked by males, down 1.2%
- worked by persons aged 15-19, down 2.1%

Percentage change in total wages, by sex and age group (a)

		In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Sex	Males	-1.2%	-2.5%	3.1%
Sex	Females	-0.1%	-0.6%	6.9%
	15-19	-2.1%	-7.5%	13.2%
	20-29	-0.7%	-2.3%	6.7%
	30-39	-1.1%	-2.1%	4.7%
Age group	40-49	-0.9%	-1.5%	4.0%
(years)	50-59	-0.4%	-0.9%	4.6%
()	60-69	0.1%	-0.5%	7.3%
	70 and	0.20/	0.40/	0.20/
	over	0.2%	-0.4%	9.2%
All persons		-0.7%	-1.7%	5.2%

5 year age groups - Payroll jobs

Time series estimates of payroll jobs by 5 year age groups by sex are presented as index values in Table 8 of the Data downloads.

Industry

Payroll jobs

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in payroll jobs were:

- Education and training, up 3.4%
- Manufacturing, up 0.9%

Percentage change in payroll jobs, by industry (a)

	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.0%	-1.9%	-4.7%

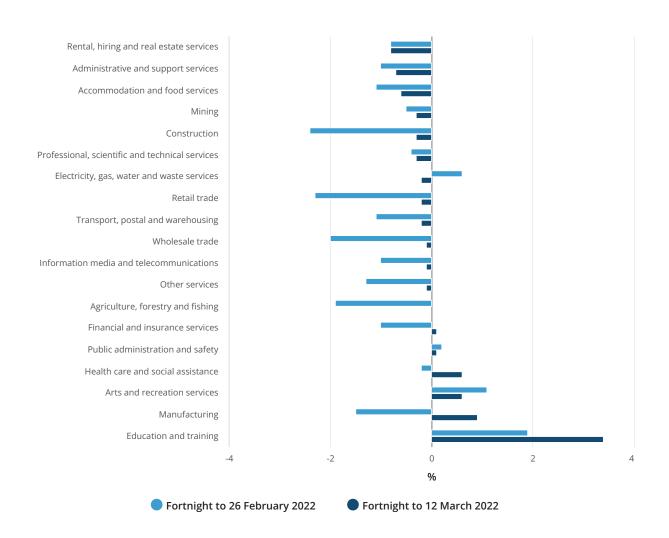
	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Mining	-0.3%	-0.8%	5.3%
Manufacturing	0.9%	-0.7%	-2.7%
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	-0.2%	0.4%	0.5%
Construction	-0.3%	-2.7%	-5.7%
Wholesale trade	-0.1%	-2.1%	-2.0%
Retail trade	-0.2%	-2.5%	-0.3%
Accommodation and food services	-0.6%	-1.7%	-12.3%
Transport, postal and warehousing	-0.2%	-1.3%	-5.1%
Information media and telecommunications	-0.1%	-1.2%	-0.2%
Financial and insurance services	0.1%	-0.9%	2.2%
Rental, hiring and real estate services	-0.8%	-1.6%	-3.3%
Professional, scientific and technical services	-0.3%	-0.8%	1.4%
Administrative and support services	-0.7%	-1.6%	-1.7%
Public administration and safety	0.1%	0.2%	1.2%
Education and training	3.4%	5.3%	0.4%
Health care and social assistance	0.6%	0.4%	2.1%
Arts and recreation services	0.6%	1.7%	-2.5%
Other services	-0.1%	-1.4%	-6.1%
All industries	0.2%	-0.6%	0.3%

In the fortnight

In the year

a. Some industries experience pronounced seasonality in either payroll jobs and wages or both. For more information, see Seasonality in <u>Data variability and revisions (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#data-variability-and-revisions)</u>.

Percentage change in payroll jobs by industry (a)



a. Industries ranked by percentage change in the latest fortnight.

Total wages

In the fortnight to 12 March 2022, the largest changes in total wages paid were:

- Mining, up 7.7%
- Information media and telecommunications, down 7.1%

Percentage change in total wages, by industry(a)

	In the fortnight since 26 February 2022	In the month since 12 February 2022	In the year since 13 March 2021
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	0.0%	-1.3%	2.5%
Mining	7.7%	7.6%	10.7%
Manufacturing	2.3%	1.3%	2.4%
Electricity, gas, water and waste services	5.4%	5.9%	6.2%
Construction	-0.2%	-3.1%	-1.0%
Wholesale trade	0.0%	-1.3%	0.9%
Retail trade	-2.1%	-6.5%	-0.7%
Accommodation and food services	0.7%	-1.5%	-5.0%
Transport, postal and warehousing	-0.3%	-0.8%	1.4%
Information media and telecommunications	-7.1%	-7.9%	3.1%
Financial and insurance services	-5.1%	-6.9%	1.0%
Rental, hiring and real estate services	-5.8%	-7.9%	0.9%
Professional, scientific and technical services	-3.7%	-3.6%	8.6%
Administrative and support services	-2.2%	-4.8%	5.0%
Public administration and safety	0.2%	-0.1%	5.7%
Education and training	0.5%	1.5%	4.1%
Health care and social assistance	0.4%	0.8%	6.7%
Arts and recreation services	-1.2%	-0.9%	5.2%
Other services	-1.6%	-2.1%	0.2%
All industries	-0.7%	-1.7%	5.2%

a. Some industries experience pronounced seasonality in either payroll jobs and wages or both. For more information, see Seasonality in <u>Data variability and revisions</u> (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#data-variability-and-revisions).

Industry subdivision - Payroll jobs

Time series estimates of payroll jobs by industry subdivision are presented as index values in Table 6 of the Data downloads. For more information on the industry classifications used in this release, see the Glossary (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#glossary).

Private sector industry - Payroll jobs

Time series estimates of payroll jobs by private sector for selected industry divisions are presented as index values in Table 9 of the Data downloads. More information on the sector classification can be found in Updating characteristics variables in How data are processed (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#how-data-are-processed) and the Glossary (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#glossary).

Employment size

The ABS has previously advised caution in using the most recent periods in payroll jobs by employment size indexes, which are subject to higher than usual revisions over a longer period - particularly for small employers. These indexes are more heavily influenced by changes in reporting behaviour and reporting obligations than other indexes, affecting the interpretation of underlying change in labour market conditions. To provide more stability at the end point of these series, a month lag in the reference week is in place.

In this release the latest week of data for these indexes is for the week ending 12 February 2022, which is also reflected in the percentage change estimates presented.

Percentage change in payroll jobs by employment size(a)(b)

	In the fortnight since 29 January 2022	In the month since 15 January 2022	In the year since 13 February 2021
Under 20 employees	0.1%	2.7%	5.9%
20-199 employees	0.7%	2.4%	-2.7%
200 employees and over	1.4%	3.1%	2.5%
All businesses	0.9%	2.9%	2.2%

a. Records with 'unknown' employment size are only included in the calculation of All businesses indexes. For more information, see Revisions in sub-populations in <u>Data variability and revisions (/methodologies</u>

/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#data-variability-and-revisions).

b. With respect to the week ending 12 February 2022.

Distribution of characteristics

To aid in the interpretability of payroll job estimates, the following data download contains selected distributions of jobholder and employer characteristics by state and territory.

Records with 'unknown' characteristics have been excluded from the calculation of proportions. For more information on the source, impact and proportion of unknowns, see the Updating characteristic variables and Inclusion of unknown characteristics sections of How data are processed (/methodologies/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia-methodology/week-ending-12-march-2022#how-data-are-processed).

Table 20: Payroll jobs - characteristics distributions

Contains selected distributions of jobholder and employer characteristics, available in this release since 9 September 2021.

<u> → Download XLSX</u>

[170.75 KB]

Data downloads

Table 4: Payroll jobs and wages indexes

<u> ▶ Download XLSX</u>

[3.84 MB]

Table 5: Sub-state - Payroll jobs indexes

▶ Download XLSX

[343.32 KB]

Table 6: Industry subdivision - Payroll jobs indexes

<u> ▶ Download XLSX</u>

[93.13 KB]

Table 7: Employer characteristics - Payroll jobs index

<u> → Download XLSX</u>

[53.85 KB]

Table 8: Jobholder characteristics - Payroll jobs index

<u>▶</u> Download XLSX

[61.32 KB]

Table 9: Sector - Payroll jobs index

↓ Download XLSX

[<u>54.16 KB</u>]

All data cubes

↓ Download ZIP

[2.92 MB]

Upcoming changes

Expansion of outputs

Payroll job outputs will be expanded over 2022, however the availability in specific releases is yet to be determined. In alphabetical order, the planned outputs are:

- Employment size by industry division
- Industry division by Statistical Area Level 4 (SA4)
- Private sector by state/territory
- State by industry subdivision

Previous articles

Previously published articles and information of interest are linked below:

- <u>Seasonality spotlight (/articles/seasonality-spotlight-2021-year-end)</u> describes the most recent seasonal changes in the labour market
- <u>Distribution of jobholder and employer characteristics (/articles/distribution-jobholder-and-employer-characteristics)</u> provides selected distributions to aid in interpreting estimates produced from STP data
- A year of COVID-19 through payroll jobs and wages statistics (/articles/year-covid-19-through-payroll-jobs-and-wages-statistics) reviews payroll jobs and wages in the year since Australia's 100th case of COVID-19
- <u>Year-end data variability (/articles/year-end-data-variability)</u> provides some context on seasonality and seasonal variation
- <u>Secondary jobs (/statistics/labour/earnings-and-work-hours/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia/week-ending-17-october-2020#secondary-jobs)</u> provides insight into multiple jobholders
- Incorporating JobKeeper supported payments into Weekly payroll jobs and wages in Australia (/statistics/labour/earnings-and-work-hours/weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-australia/week-ending-30-may-2020#incorporating-jobkeeper-supported-back-payments-into-weekly-payroll-jobs-and-wages-in-australia) describes how JobKeeper

payments are included

Previous catalogue number

This release previously used catalogue number 6160.0.55.001.

Methodology

Weekly Payroll Jobs and Wages in Australia methodology, Week ending 12 March 2022